

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

OF TEXAS

CRAWFORD C. MARTIN
ATTORNEY GENERAL

Austin, Texas 78711 November 7, 1968

overrulas V-399

Honorable Burt L. Risley Executive Director State Commission for the Blind 317 Sam Houston Building Austin, Texas 78701

Opinion No. M-306

Re: Legal effect of exemption of certain deaf and blind students from payment of tuition and other fees of state-supported colleges and universities pursuant to Article 2654f-2, V.C.S.

Dear Mr. Risley:

You have requested the opinion of this office regarding the above question.

Article 2654f-2, Vernon's Civil Statutes, was enacted in 1965, and amended in 1967. The amended statute reads, in part, as follows:

"Section 1. In this act,

(4) 'tuition fees' includes all of the fees for which an exemption is made in Section 1, Chapter 6, Acts of the 43rd Legislature, 1st Called Session, 1933, as amended (Article 2654b-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

"Section 2. (a) A deaf or blind person who is a resident is entitled to exemption from the payment of tuition at any institution of collegiate rank supported in whole or in part by public funds appropriated from the State Treasury. . . . "(Emphasis supplied.)

Section 1 of Article 2654b-1, Vernon's Civil Statutes, referred to in the above-quoted statute, reads, in part, as follows:

"The governing boards of the several institutions of collegiate rank, supported in whole or in part by public funds appropriated from the State Treasury, are hereby Authorized and directed to except and exempt . . . from the payment of all dues, fees and charges whatsoever, including fees for corres-

pondence courses; provided, however, that the foregoing exemption shall not be construed to apply to deposits, such as library, or laboratory deposits, which may be required in the nature of a security for the return of or proper care of property loaned for the use of students, nor to any fees or charges for lodging, board or clothing." (Emphasis supplied.)

In a previous opinion dealing with a problem somewhat similar to the one presented here, Attorney General Opinion V-399 (1947) held that the exemption extended to veteran students by Sections 1, 2 and 3 of Article 2654b-1 did not operate to exempt such veteran students from the payment of student activities fees required by some state colleges and universities under Section 4 of Article 2654a.

The fee exemption granted in Section 1 of Article 2654b-1, quoted supra, is stated in clear and unequivocal language, and has continued unchanged since the original enactment of the statute in 1933. Where the Legislature has expressed itself so clearly, and has carefully delineated those persons who are to qualify for the exemptions granted, it is artificial logic to conclude that the plain, unqualified words do not mean what they say. If the statute is by its terms plain and unambiguous, the opinion of the Attorney General as well as any departmental construction must necessarily yield thereto. Calvert v. Thompson, 339 S.W.2d 685 (Tex.Civ.App. 1960,err.ref.,n.r.e.). Accordingly, Attorney General Opinion V-399 (1947) is overruled.

In answer to your specific question, you are advised that it is the opinion of this office that, by authority of Article 2654f-2, qualifyer that or blind students are exempt from all mandatory fees at state-supported colleges and universities except those fees specifically excepted in Section 1, Article 2654b-1.

Honorable Burt L. Risley, page 3 (M-306)

SUMMARY

By authority of Article 2654f-2, Vernon's Civil Statutes, qualified deaf or blind students are exempt from all mandatory fees at state-supported colleges and universities except those fees specifically excepted in Section 1, Article 2654b-1, Vernon's Civil Statutes.

my truly yours,

CRAWFORD C. MARTIN

Attorney General of Texas

Prepared by Malcolm L. Quick Assistant Attorney General

APPROVED: OPINION COMMITTEE

Hawthorne Phillips, Chairman Kerns Taylor, Co-Chairman Pat Bailey Joseph H. Sharpley Larry Craddock John Fainter

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